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Update: Syringe Exchange Programs — United States, 2002

Syringe exchange programs (SEPs) provide sterile syringes* in exchange for used syringes to reduce transmission of human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) and other bloodborne infections associated with reuse of contaminated syringes by injection-drug users (IDUs) (1). This report summarizes a survey of SEP activities in the United States for January-December 2002 and compares the results with those of previous surveys. The findings indicate that in 2002, for the first time in 8 years, the number of SEPs, the number of localities with SEPs, and public funding for SEPs decreased nationwide; however, the number of syringes exchanged and total budgets across all programs continued to increase. SEPs can help prevent bloodborne pathogen transmission by increasing access to sterile syringes among IDUs and enabling safe disposal of used syringes. Often, programs also provide other public health services, such as HIV testing, riskreduction education, and referrals for substance-abuse treatment.

In December 2002, staff from Beth Israel Medical Center (BIMC) in New York City and the North American Syringe Exchange Network (NASEN) mailed surveys about syringes exchanged and returned, services provided, and budgets and funding to the directors of all 148 SEPs known to NASEN (compared with 154 known SEPs for the 2000 survey, 131 for 1998, 113 for 1997, 101 for 1996, and 68 for 1994–95) (2–5; BIMC, unpublished data, 2000). Data for 2002 were collected from SEP directors during January–July 2003 through telephone interviews with BIMC staff, Internet-based questionnaires, or paper questionnaires returned by fax or mail. With the exception of the Internet-based option, the methods were similar to those used for previous surveys (2–5).

Of 148 SEP directors contacted, 126 (85%) completed the survey. These 126 SEPs reported operating in 102 cities[†] in

31 states and the District of Columbia (DC). More than two-thirds (86) of SEPs were in seven states: California (25), Washington (15), New Mexico (14), New York (12), Wisconsin (eight), Massachusetts (six), and Oregon (six).

SEP size was classified by the number of syringes exchanged (Table 1); 119 SEPs reported exchanging a total of 24,878,033 syringes; seven SEPs did not track the number of syringes exchanged. The 11 largest programs exchanged 49% of all syringes.

SEPs provided other services in addition to syringe exchange. One hundred ten (87%) SEPs provided male condoms, 96 (76%) female condoms, 111 (88%) alcohol pads, and 86 (68%) bleach; 97 (77%) provided referrals for substance-abuse

States with SEPs: California (25); Washington (15); New Mexico (14); New York (12); Wisconsin (eight); Oregon and Massachusetts (six each); Connecticut and Illinois (five each); Michigan (three); Minnesota, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, Texas, and Vermont (two each); Alaska, Arizona, Colorado, DC, Georgia, Hawaii, Indiana, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Missouri, New Jersey, Ohio, Oklahoma, Rhode Island, Tennessee, and Utah (one each).

Largest volume SEPs: Chicago Recovery Alliance (2.7 million syringes), Chicago, Illinois; San Francisco AIDS Foundation HIV Prevention Project (2.5 million), San Francisco, California; Seattle-King County Department of Public Health Needle Exchange Program, Seattle, Washington (1.0 million); Harm Reduction Institute, Indianapolis, Indiana (1.0 million); Point Defiance AIDS Project, Tacoma, Washington (0.9 million); San Diego Clean Needle Exchange Program, San Diego, California (0.9 million); Street Outreach Services, Seattle, Washington (0.8 million); Prevention Point Philadelphia, Pennsylvania (0.7 million); HIV Education and Prevention Project of Alameda, Oakland, California (0.6 million); Needle Exchange Emergency Distribution, Berkeley, California (0.5 million); and one SEP that wanted program information kept confidential.

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^{*} For this report, the term "syringes" refers to both syringes and needles.

[†] Cities with more than one SEP: Albuquerque, New Mexico; Chicago, Illinois; Los Angeles, California; Madison, Wisconsin; New York, New York; Portland, Oregon; San Francisco, California; Seattle, Washington; and Tacoma, Washington.

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TABLE 1. Number of syringes exchanged in syringe exchange programs (SEPs), by program size — United States, 2002

| SEP size | No. of syringes per SEP | No. of SEPs | Total no. of syringes exchanged | % of total syringes exchanged |
|------------|-------------------------------|----------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Small | <10,000 | 22 | 103,266 | 0.4 |
| Medium | 10,000-55,000 | 35 | 899,973 | 3.6 |
| Large | 55,001-499,999 | 51 | 11,578,468 | 47.0 |
| Very large | ≥500,000 | 11 | 12,296,326 | 49.0 |
| Total | | 119* | 24,878,033 | 100.0 |

* Seven of 126 programs responding to the survey did not track the number of syringes exchanged in 2002.

treatment; 91 (72%) offered voluntary on-site counseling and testing for HIV, 54 (43%) for hepatitis C, and 37 (29%) for hepatitis B; 42 (33%) provided vaccination for hepatitis A and 45 (36%) for hepatitis B; 39 (31%) offered sexually transmitted disease (STD) screening; 29 (23%) provided on-site medical care; and 28 (22%) provided tuberculosis screening. Most programs provided risk-reduction and risk-elimination education to IDUs. One hundred fifteen (91%) programs provided education on hepatitis A, B, and C; 114 (90%) on HIV/AIDS prevention; 111 (88%) on safer injection practices; 104 (83%) on abscess prevention and care; 100 (79%) on vein care; 110 (87%) on STD prevention; 110 (87%) on male condom use; and 94 (75%) on female condom use.

During 2002, a total of 126 SEPs maintained an average of six exchange sites each (median: 3.0; range: 1-47). SEPs served clients for an average of 26 hours/week (median: 18 hours/ week; range: 1-202 hours/week). Buildings (e.g., storefronts, clinics, or health centers) were the most commonly reported sites; 68 total SEPs (54%) operated 156 sites/week for 1,334 hours/week). Forty-five (36%) programs served clients through health vans or car stops (203 sites/week for 616.5 hours/week), and 25 (20%) operated other types of fixed sites, such as at tables on streets, in private homes, or at shooting galleries (i.e., locations where persons inject drugs) (141 sites/week for 413.5 hours/week). Fifteen (12%) programs used mobile workers on foot or bicycle (81 sites/week for 202.0 hours/ week). Of the 126 total SEPs in 2002, 69 (55%) had multiple types of exchange sites, 36 (29%) were entirely building-based, 14 (11%) were vehicle-based, five (4%) used other fixed sites, and two (2%) used mobile sites only. Delivery of syringes and other risk-reduction supplies to residences or meeting spots was reported by 62 (49%) SEPs. Secondary exchange (i.e., exchange of syringes on behalf of other persons) was allowed by 103 (82%) programs.

One hundred ten of the 126 SEPs reported 2002 budget information. The reported budgets totaled \$13.0 million. Individual fixed budgets ranged from \$0 (nine SEPs) to \$1,035,831 (mean: \$118,273; median: \$53,500) (Table 2). Thirty-one (28%) operated with budgets of less than \$25,000,

^{*} Proposed.

TABLE 2. Characteristics of syringe exchange programs (SEPs) — United States, 1994-1998 and 2000-2002

| Characteristic | 1994-1995 | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 2000* | 2002 |
|---|-----------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|
| No. of SEPs known to NASEN† | 68 | 101 | 113 | 131 | 154 | 148 |
| No. of SEPs participating in survey | 60 | 87 | 100 | 110 | 127 | 126 |
| No. of cities with SEPs participating in survey | 46 | 71 | 80 | 81 | 106 | 102 |
| No. of states/territories with SEPs participating in survey | 21 | 29 | 32 | 33 | 35 | 32 |
| No. of syringes exchanged (millions) | 8.0 | 13.9 | 17.5 | 19.4 | 22.6 | 24.9 |
| Total SEP budgets (millions) | \$6.2 | \$6.5 | \$8.4 | \$8.6 | \$12.1 | \$13.0 |
| Total public funding (millions) | \$2.3 | \$4.5 | \$4.2 | \$6.0 | \$8.9 | \$7.3 |

* Previously unpublished data from survey on year 2000 activities, Beth Israel Medical Center, New York City.

North American Syringe Exchange Network.

41 (37%) with budgets of \$25,000–\$100,000, and 38 (35%) with budgets exceeding \$100,000. SEPs reported multiple sources of financial support in 2002, including individual contributors, foundations, and state and local governments. In 2002, 58 (46%) of the 126 programs located in 15 states received public funding totaling approximately \$7.3 million from city, county, and state governments.**

In 2002, for the first time in 8 years, the number of SEPs, the number of localities with SEPs, and the amount of public funding for SEPs in the United States decreased; however, the total number of syringes exchanged and total budgets for all SEPs surveyed continued to increase. During 2000-2002, the number of SEPs known to NASEN decreased 3.8% (from 154 to 148), the number of states/territories with SEPs decreased 8.6% (from 35 to 32), and public funding of SEPs decreased 18% (from \$8.9 million to \$7.3 million). During the same period, the number of syringes exchanged increased 10.2% (from 22.6 million to 24.9 million) and total SEP budgets from public and private funds increased 7.4% (from \$12.1 to \$13.0 million). In addition, compared with data from 1998 (5), the proportion of SEPs in 2002 considered mediumsized (10,000-55,000 syringes exchanged) or large (55,001-499,000 syringes exchanged) increased 19%, whereas the proportion of small SEPs (<10,000 syringes exchanged) decreased 33%.

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Editorial Note: The results of the 2002 survey suggest that although some SEPs became more efficient at obtaining private funding to distribute more syringes, others were unable to maintain operations. As of June 2004, a total of 184 SEPS were known to NASEN, operating in 36 states, DC, Puerto Rico, and Indian Lands (D Purchase, NASEN, personal communication, 2004), indicating that trends might be changing and require additional monitoring.

The findings in this report are subject to at least three limitations. First, the extent of SEP activity in the United States is probably underestimated because 22 (15%) SEPs known to NASEN did not participate in the survey, and others might exist but not be known to NASEN. Second, data collected were based on program director self-reports and were not verified independently. Third, because 26 (21%) SEPs requested that their survey data be kept confidential, some data are presented only as aggregate state-level or program-size information.

Injections of illicit drugs have been estimated to represent approximately one-third of the estimated 2-3 billion injections occurring outside of health-care settings in the United States each year, second only to insulin injections by persons with diabetes (6). Improperly discarded syringes pose a serious risk for injury and infection to sanitation workers and the community (7). SEPs contribute to safe disposal of potentially infectious syringes used by IDUs by removing used syringes from the community, not only through direct exchange but also through supplemental collection programs. For example, in San Francisco in 2000, approximately 2 million syringes were recovered at SEPs, and an estimated 1.5 million syringes were collected through a pharmacy-based program that provided freeof-charge sharps containers and accepted filled containers for disposal. As a result, an estimated 3.5 million syringes were recovered from community syringe users and safely disposed of as infectious waste (8). Other SEPs offer methods for safe disposal of syringes after hours. For example, in Santa Cruz, California, the Santa Cruz Needle Exchange Program, in collaboration with the Santa Cruz Parks and Recreation Department, installed 12 steel sharps containers in public restrooms throughout the county (S Miller, Santa Cruz Needle Exchange Program, personal communication, 2004).

^{**} Public funding from state governments: California, Colorado, Connecticut, Hawaii, Illinois, Massachusetts, New Mexico, New York, Oregon, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Washington. Public funding from county governments: Clark, Cowlitz, King, Skagit, Snohomish, Spokane, Tacoma, and Thurston, Washington; Alameda, Santa Clara, and Santa Cruz, California; Dane and Milwaukee, Wisconsin; Boulder, Colorado; Cook, Illinois; and Multnomah, Oregon. Public funding from city governments: Berkeley, Los Angeles, Reseda, San Francisco, and Santa Monica, California; Coupeville and Seattle, Washington; Chicago, Illinois; Milwaukee, Wisconsin; Portland, Oregon; New York, New York; and Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

SEPs provide health and social services to IDUs who might not otherwise be reached. They also remove syringes that are potentially contaminated with HIV and other bloodborne infections from the community. Continued monitoring of SEPs in the United States is necessary to evaluate the longterm effects of this public health intervention.

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Rapid Assessment of Influenza Vaccination Coverage Among HMO Members — Northern California Influenza Seasons, 2001–02 Through 2004–05

The Vaccine Safety Datalink (VSD) is a collaborative project involving CDC and eight health maintenance organizations* (HMOs) in the United States. Computerized data on vaccination, medical outcomes, and patient demographics are collected and linked under a standard protocol at multiple HMOs (1). Beginning with the 2003–04 influenza season, the VSD

team and one of the HMOs, Kaiser Permanente Northern California (KPNC), established an automated system for rapid detection of potentially adverse events after vaccinations among its members. During the 2004-05 influenza season, in response to the influenza vaccine shortfall and resulting prioritization of vaccine distribution (2), this rapid analysis system also was used to assess influenza vaccination coverage weekly among KPNC members. The results indicated that KPNC followed Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) prioritization guidelines by targeting influenza vaccination to children aged 6-23 months and adults aged ≥65 years. For the 2005–06 influenza season, the rapid analysis system should be expanded to include data from additional HMOs and more detailed information on vaccinees (e.g., high risk for influenza complications [3]) to better characterize influenza vaccination coverage during the 2005-06 influenza season on a weekly basis.

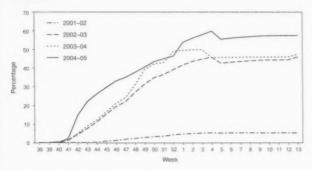
During the 2004–05 influenza season, KPNC had an enrolled population of approximately 3.4 million and received approximately 50% of the influenza vaccine doses it had ordered. By using the KPNC rapid analysis system, the VSD team prospectively assessed weekly influenza vaccination coverage in five age groups (6–23 months, 2–17 years, 18–49 years, 50–64 years, and ≥65 years) for the 2004–05 influenza season. Beginning in October 2004, KPNC provided weekly counts of influenza vaccinations, stratified by age group, from its immunization registry, which tracks 98.7% of KPNC vaccinations. These data were transmitted to CDC via a secure system. By analyzing estimates of weekly KPNC enrollments and exact vaccination counts, VSD was able to provide weekly estimates of influenza vaccination coverage among the five KPNC age groups.

For influenza seasons before 2004-05, the VSD team obtained monthly estimates of total KPNC enrollment for each age group from existing VSD annual data and retrospectively estimated weekly vaccination coverage among KPNC enrollees. However, for the weekly analysis of 2004-05 data, current enrollment estimates by age group were not available; therefore, monthly KPNC enrollment figures from 2003 were used as a proxy for 2004-05 enrollment. A previous sensitivity analysis of this technique for the 2002-03 influenza season determined that estimates of vaccination coverage differed by a range of 0.5% to 3.1% by week and age group when using 2001-02 enrollment as a proxy for the 2002-03 enrollment. To be counted as enrolled for a given month, a person had to be enrolled for the entire month; age for each enrollee was measured from the start of each month of interest. Monthly enrollment estimates were then used to impute corresponding weekly enrollment numbers.

^{*}Group Health Cooperative (Seattle, Washington); Harvard Pilgrim Health Care, Harvard Medical, and Harvard Vanguard (Boston, Massachusetts); Health Partners Research Foundation (Minneapolis, Minnesota); Kaiser Permanente Colorado (Denver); Kaiser Permanente Northern California (Oakland); Kaiser Permanente Northern California (Colaland); Kaiser Permanente Northwest (Portland, Oregon); Marshfield Clinic Research Foundation (Marshfield, Wisconsin); and UCLA Center for Vaccine Research/Southern California Kaiser Permanente Health Care Plan (Los Angeles).

Among KPNC members, influenza vaccination coverage levels for the 2004–05 influenza season were 57.4% (95% confidence interval [CI] = 56.9%–57.8%) for children aged 6–23 months (Figure 1), 6.6% (CI = 6.6%–6.7%) for children aged 2–17 years, 6.0% (CI = 5.9%–6.1%) for adults aged 18–49 years, 24.1% (CI = 24.0%–24.2%) for adults aged 50–64 years (Figure 2), and 71.8% (CI = 71.6%–71.9%) for adults aged ≥ 65 years (Figure 3). Among two priority groups for influenza vaccination during the 2004–05 influenza season, coverage for children aged 6–23 months was 21.4% greater than the final estimate (47.3%) for the 2003–04 season (Figure 1), and coverage for adults aged ≥ 65 years was similar

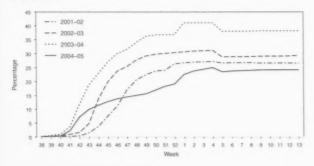
FIGURE 1. Cumulative estimated percentage of HMO-enrolled* children aged 6–23 months receiving influenza vaccination, by week — Vaccine Safety Datalink data from Kaiser Permanente Northern California,† influenza seasons 2001–02 through 2004–05



* Health maintenance organization.

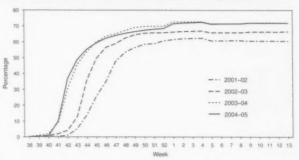
Total enrolled population of 3.4 million (including all ages) in northern California during the 2004–05 influenza season.

FIGURE 2. Cumulative estimated percentage of HMO-enrolled* adults aged 50–64 years receiving influenza vaccination, by week — Vaccine Safety Datalink data from Kaiser Permanente Northern California,† influenza seasons 2001–02 through 2004–05



. Health maintenance organization.

FIGURE 3. Cumulative estimated percentage of HMO-enrolled' adults aged ≥65 years receiving influenza vaccination, by week — Vaccine Safety Datalink data from Kaiser Permanente Northern California,[†] influenza seasons 2001–02 through 2004–05



* Health maintenance organization.

[†] Total enrolled population of 3.4 million (including all ages) in northern California during the 2004–05 influenza season.

to that for the 2003–04 season (71.7%) (Figure 3). For the remaining age groups, including adults aged 50–64 years (Figure 2), coverage estimates were all significantly less than (p<0.05) final coverage estimates for the previous two influenza seasons.

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Editorial Note: During the 2004-05 influenza season, when vaccine supply was limited, KPNC influenza-vaccination outreach and communication programs for members were targeted to groups at high risk for influenza complications, in accordance with ACIP recommendations (2,4). As measured by KPNC's new rapid analysis system, vaccination coverage among its members was greater than or similar to that of previous seasons for the two priority age groups, children aged 6-23 months and adults aged ≥65 years. Vaccination coverage for the nonpriority age groups was significantly lower than that for previous years. These results indicate that KPNC was successful in distributing vaccine to the two priority age groups. In addition, for the first time, a system updated weekly was used to estimate vaccination coverage in a large population of persons of all ages. These weekly reports were reviewed by KPNC to monitor compliance with ACIP guidelines.

The cumulative KPNC results for the 2004–05 influenza season approximated those calculated nationally by the telephone-interview-based Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS) survey (5), although the two systems differ substantially. The KPNC estimates of vaccination coverage were calculated by using vaccinations recorded in the KPNC immunization registry and estimates of monthly enrollment of mem-

[†] Total enrolled population of 3.4 million (including all ages) in northern California during the 2004–05 influenza season.

bers in the northern California HMO. BRFSS estimates were based on the self-reported vaccinations of participating members of the civilian, noninstitutionalized population, regardless of health-insurance status, in all 50 states and the District of Columbia. In addition, the KPNC data include influenza vaccinations through April 2, 2005, whereas the BRFSS data include vaccinations through January 31, 2005.

For adults aged ≥65 years, KPNC estimated coverage of 71.8%, and BRFSS estimated coverage of 62.7% (CI = 60.6%–64.8%). For adults aged 18–49 years, the estimates were 6.0% for KPNC and 6.9% (CI = 5.9%–7.9%) for BRFSS, and for adults aged 50–64 years, the estimates were 24.1% for KPNC and 16.5% (CI = 14.7%–18.3%) for BRFSS. Among children aged 6–23 months, KPNC estimated coverage of 57.4%, and BRFSS estimated coverage of 48.4% (CI = 39.6%–57.2%). Finally, for children aged 2–17 years, the estimates were 6.6% for KPNC and 12.3% (CI = 10.5%–14.1%) for BRFSS. According to both KPNC and BRFSS data, vaccine uptake was greatest in October and November and tapered off in December and January during the 2004–05 influenza season.

The findings in this report are subject to at least four limitations. First, influenza vaccination coverage in an HMO might not be generalizable to the overall U.S. population. Second, estimates were obtained only from northern California; future assessments are expected to include additional HMOs in other regions. Third, enrollment figures from 2003 were used as a proxy for 2004–05 enrollment. Finally, certain KPNC members might have obtained influenza vaccinations outside of the HMO, resulting in an underestimate of vaccination coverage; however, such vaccination is unlikely because of the limited supply of influenza vaccine during the 2004–05 influenza season.

Rapid analysis enabled weekly estimates of vaccination coverage in a KNPC population of 3.4 million. If expanded to all eight participating HMOs in the VSD, weekly vaccination coverage estimates could be provided for approximately 5.9 million HMO members (1.8% of the U.S. population). Unlike interview-based survey systems, the VSD vaccination data described in this report were not self-reported; they were collected from immunization registry data and therefore were not subject to recall bias. During the 2005-06 influenza season, the VSD rapid analysis system will perform its principal task of gathering data on potentially adverse events after vaccinations (e.g., with the new meningococcal conjugate vaccine [6]). However, the system also will be enhanced by additional HMO populations, and data on influenza vaccinees will enable weekly estimation of vaccination coverage among HMO members at high risk for influenza complications (3).

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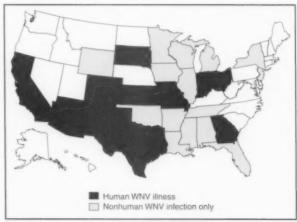
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West Nile Virus Activity — United States, 2005

This report summarizes West Nile virus (WNV) surveillance data reported to CDC through ArboNET as of 3 a.m., Mountain Daylight Time, July 12, 2005.

Eleven states have reported 25 cases of human WNV illness (Figure and Table) in 2005. Nineteen (79%) of the 24 cases for which such data were available occurred in males; the median age of patients was 45 years (range: 17–80 years). Date of illness onset ranged from May 14 to June 30; one case was fatal.

FIGURE. Areas reporting West Nile virus (WNV) activity — United States, 2005*



* As of 3 a.m., Mountain Daylight Time, July 12, 2005.

TABLE. Number of human cases of West Nile virus (WNV) illness, by state — United States, 2005*

| State | Neuroinvasive disease [†] | West Nile fever ⁵ | Other clinical/ unspecified ¹ | Total reported to CDC** | Deaths |
|--------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|-------------------------|--------|
| Arizona | 2 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| California | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Colorado | 0 | 7 | 0 | 7 | 0 |
| Georgia | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Indiana | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Kansas | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Missouri | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| New Mexico | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Ohio | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| South Dakota | a 1 | 4 | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| Texas | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Total | 9 | 15 | 1 | 25 | 1 |

* As of 3 a.m., Mountain Daylight Time, July 12, 2005.

[†] Cases with neurologic manifestations (i.e., West Nile meningitis, West Nile encephalitis, and West Nile myelitis).

§ Cases with no evidence of neuroinvasion.

¶ Illnesses for which sufficient clinical information was not provided.

** Total number of human cases of WNV illness reported to ArboNet by state and local health departments.

Seven presumptive West Nile viremic blood donors (PVDs) have been reported to ArboNET in 2005. Of these, five were reported in Texas, and two in Arizona.

In addition, 281 dead corvids and 96 other dead birds with WNV infection have been reported from 16 states during 2005. WNV infections have been reported in horses in 11 states. WNV seroconversions have been reported in 40 sentinel chicken flocks in five states (Arizona, Arkansas, California, Florida, and Minnesota). A total of 439 WNV-positive mosquito pools have been reported in 13 states.

Additional information about national WNV activity is available from CDC at http://www.cdc.gov/ncidod/dvbid/westnile/index.htm and at http://westnilemaps.usgs.gov.

Notice to Readers

2005 Annual Conference on Assessment Initiative — September 20–22, 2005

The 2005 Annual Conference on Assessment Initiative will be held September 20–22, 2005, in Seattle, Washington. The purpose of this meeting is to discuss and share information on innovative systems and methods that improve the way data are used to inform public health programs, services, and policy at the state and local levels. Sessions will cover data dissemi-

nation, applied data analysis and presentation techniques, and community health assessment processes and outcomes. The conference is cosponsored by CDC and the National Association for Public Health Statistics and Information Systems.

Participants include staff from state and local health departments, federal agencies, and community organizations involved or interested in the collection, analysis, and dissemination of data for community health assessment. Conference attendees can register online at http://www.psava.com/cha2005. No registration fee will be charged. The deadline for online registration is September 9, 2005. The deadline for making hotel reservations with the Renaissance Seattle Hotel is August 29, 2005 (telephone, 800-546-9184 or 206-583-0300). Additional information for this conference is available at http://www.cdc.gov/epo/dphsi/ai/conference_training.htm.

Notice to Readers

Webcast on Human Papilloma Virus (HPV)

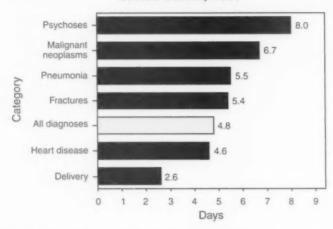
CDC will present a webcast, "HPV and Cervical Cancer: An Update on Prevention Strategies," on August 9, 2005, 1:00-2:00 p.m. EDT. Genital HPV infection is one of the most common sexually transmitted diseases. New information is available about the natural history of HPV infection, the association of different HPV types with various clinical manifestations, HPV transmission, and methods of HPV prevention. In addition, the Food and Drug Administration recently approved the use of a commercially available HPV DNA test for two purposes: 1) management of patients with abnormal Pap test results and 2) as an adjunct to the Pap test for cervical cancer screening in women aged ≥30 years. This new information about HPV might require changes in approaches to cervical cancer screening in primary-care practices and in counseling and educating patients and their sex partners. The webcast will address cervical cancer screening guidelines and strategies for preventing genital HPV infection, including appropriate patient counseling messages.

Information about content, registration, continuing education credit, and accessing the webcast is available at http://www.phppo.cdc.gov/phtn/hpv-05. Information about registration is also available from CDC, telephone 800-418-7246 or 404-639-1292.

QuickStats

FROM THE NATIONAL CENTER FOR HEALTH STATISTICS

Average Length of Hospital* Stay, by Diagnostic Category† — United States, 2003

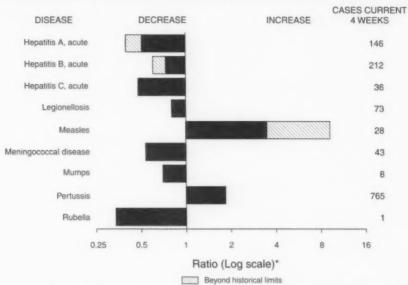


* Only hospitals with an average length of stay of <30 days for all patients (including mental hospitals) and general hospitals or children's general hospitals are included in the survey. Federal, military, and Department of Veterans Affairs hospitals, hospital units of institutions (e.g., prison hospitals), and hospitals with fewer than six beds staffed for patient use are excluded. ¹ Categories with ≥1 million hospital discharges. International Classification of Diseases. Ninth Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-9-CM). ICD-9-CM codes for psychoses 290–299; malignant neoplasm 140–208, 230–234; pneumonia 480–486; fractures 800–829; heart disease 391–392.0, 393–398, 402, 404, 410–416, 420–429; and delivery VZ7.

In 2003, patients in six diagnostic categories had ≥1 million hospital discharges. The categories were heart disease (4.4 million), delivery (4.0 million), psychoses (1.6 million), pneumonia (1.4 million), malignant neoplasms (1.3 million), and fractures (1.1 million). The average length of hospital stay for patients with these diagnoses ranged from 2.6 days for deliveries to 8.0 days for psychoses.

SOURCE: DeFrances CJ, Hall MJ, Podgornik MN. 2003 National Hospital Discharge Survey. Advance data from Vital and Health Statistics; no. 359. Hyattsville, MD: US Department of Health and Human Services, CDC, National Center for Health Statistics; 2005. Available at http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/ad/ad359.pdf.

FIGURE I. Selected notifiable disease reports, United States, comparison of provisional 4-week totals July 9, 2005, with historical data



* Ratio of current 4-week total to mean of 15 4-week totals (from previous, comparable, and subsequent 4-week periods for the past 5 years). The point where the hatched area begins is based on the mean and two standard deviations of these 4-week totals.

TABLE I. Summary of provisional cases of selected notifiable diseases, United States, cumulative, week ending July 9, 2005 (27th Week)*

| Disease | Cum. 2005 | Cum. 2004 | Disease | Cum. 2005 | Cum. 2004 |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|---|--------------|--------------|
| Anthrax | - | _ | Hemolytic uremic syndrome, postdiarrheal [†] | 68 | 62 |
| Botulism: | | | HIV infection, pediatric ¹¹ | 150 | 206 |
| foodborne | 5 | 6 | Influenza-associated pediatric mortality*** | 40 | - |
| infant | 27 | 41 | Measles | 4911 | 1955 |
| other (wound & unspecified) | 13 | 5 | Mumps | 129 | 111 |
| Brucellosis | 49 | 49 | Plague | 2 | - |
| Chancroid | 12 | 15 | Poliomyelitis, paralytic | _ | - |
| Cholera | 2 | 4 | Psittacosis [†] | 10 | 7 |
| Cyclosporiasis† | 592 | 141 | Q fever ¹ | 50 | 34 |
| Diphtheria | - | - | Rabies, human | 1 | _ |
| Domestic arboviral diseases | 1 | | Rubella | 5 | 9 |
| (neuroinvasive & non-neuroinvasive): | - | - | Rubella, congenital syndrome | 1 | - |
| California serogroup ^{† §} | - | - | SARS† ** | _ | _ |
| eastern equine ^{† 5} | _ | - | Smallpox ¹ | _ | - |
| Powassan ^{† §} | - | - | Staphylococcus aureus: | | |
| St. Louis ^{† 5} | - | - | Vancomycin-intermediate (VISA)1 | - | _ |
| western equine ^{† §} | _ | - | Vancomycin-resistant (VRSA)1 | _ | 1 |
| Ehrlichiosis: | _ | - | Streptococcal toxic-shock syndrome [†] | 81 | 89 |
| human granulocytic (HGE)† | 103 | 111 | Tetanus | 13 | 9 |
| human monocytic (HME)† | 69 | 86 | Toxic-shock syndrome | 52 | 46 |
| human, other and unspecified † | 18 | 12 | Trichinellosis ¹⁹ | 8 | - |
| Hansen disease† | 37 | 51 | Tularemia† | 43 | 40 |
| Hantavirus pulmonary syndrome† | 8 | 11 | Yellow fever | - | - |

-: No reported cases.

* Incidence data for reporting years 2004 and 2005 are provisional and cumulative (year-to-date).

Not notifiable in all states.

Updated weekly from reports to the Division of Vector-Borne Infectious Diseases, National Center for Infectious Diseases (ArboNet Surveillance).

Updated monthly from reports to the Division of HIV/AIDS Prevention, National Center for HIV, STD, and TB Prevention. Last update May 29, 2005.

Updated weekly from reports to the Division of Viral and Rickettsial Diseases, National Center for Infectious Diseases.

Of 49 cases reported, 40 were indigenous and nine were imported from another country.

Of 19 cases reported, seven were indigenous and 12 were imported from another country.

Formerly Trichinosis.

TABLE II. (Continued) Provisional cases of selected notifiable diseases, United States, weeks ending July 9, 2005, and July 10, 2004

| | Al | DS | Chla | amydia† | Coccidioid | domycosis | Cryptoe | poridiosis |
|---|--|--|--|---|---|---|--|---|
| Reporting area | Cum. 2005 ⁶ | Cum. 2004 | Cum. 2005 | Cum. 2004 | Cum. 2005 | Cum. 2004 | Cum. 2005 | Cum. |
| UNITED STATES | 16,504 | 20,011 | 456,607 | 470,354 | 2.228 | 2,721 | 992 | 2004 |
| NEW ENGLAND Maine N.H. Vt. ¹ Mass. R.I. Conn, | 673 8 10 4 331 68 | 729 14 26 13 234 70 | 16,076 1,091 882 517 7,403 1,673 | 15,554 1,008 856 591 6,858 1,716 | N | N — | 59 8 7 14 21 | 1,306 75 13 16 7 28 |
| MID. ATLANTIC Upstate N.Y. N.Y. City N.J. Pa. | 252 3,059 318 1,725 472 544 | 372 4,442 603 2,328 786 725 | 4,510 54,603 11,290 18,826 5,526 18,961 | 4,525 58,190 11,427 17,985 9,262 19,516 | N N N | N N N | 8 135 36 31 8 60 | 9 209 45 63 17 |
| E.N. CENTRAL Ohio Ind. III. Mich. Wis. | 1,387 209 198 664 246 70 | 1,702 229 215 846 323 89 | 70,929 19,366 10,139 21,195 12,247 7,982 | 83,012 21,066 9,297 23,751 19,327 9,571 | 4 N N | 5 N N 5 N | 212 75 11 18 31 77 | 346 75 37 55 64 115 |
| W.N. CENTRAL Minn. Iowa Mo. N. Dak. S. Dak. Nebr. [†] Kans. | 394 104 48 163 5 9 18 | 392 92 26 169 13 6 21 | 27,122 4,233 3,345 11,460 546 1,408 2,778 3,352 | 28,620 6,044 3,376 10,454 975 1,256 2,731 3,784 | 3 N N | 5 N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N | 148 42 27 55 — 12 | 167 59 30 24 8 22 |
| S. ATLANTIC Del. Md. D.C. Va." W. Va. N.C. S.C." Ga. | 5,315 81 637 407 273 30 399 287 896 2,305 | 6,029 80 686 355 330 30 334 375 888 2,951 | 87,586 1,671 9,319 1,934 10,550 1,350 17,159 10,314 13,225 22,064 | 87,846 1,472 9,695 1,844 11,071 1,446 14,603 9,121 16,724 21,870 | N N N N | N N N | 11 208 12 2 14 4 25 8 46 97 | 12 220 10 4 24 3 38 11 67 63 |
| E.S. CENTRAL Ky. Tenn. ¹ Ala. ² Miss. | 896 118 369 244 165 | 946 106 386 228 226 | 32,912 5,024 11,253 6,429 10,206 | 30,272 2,868 11,640 7,056 8,708 | N N | 3 N N | 28 10 6 11 | 51 16 14 11 |
| W.S. CENTRAL Ark. La. Okla. Tex. ¹ | 1,896 71 370 113 1,342 | 2,515 125 563 87 1,740 | 57,218 4,472 9,954 5,484 37,308 | 60,287 4,216 13,175 5,925 36,971 | N N | 2 1 1 N N | 26 1 3 14 8 | 51 10 — 13 |
| MOUNTAIN Mont. daho" Nyo. Colo. V. Mex. Ariz. Jtah | 643 4 7 1 127 60 258 33 | 717 4 11 6 135 106 278 31 | 27,283 1,071 1,112 568 7,161 2,338 9,614 2,119 | 26,621 1,306 1,486 542 6,892 4,466 7,565 1,780 | 1,491 N N 2 N 3 1,453 | 1,652 N N | 61 11 4 2 20 2 7 | 28 59 11 6 2 25 3 9 |
| PACIFIC PAsh. Oreg. Calif. Alaska | 153 2,241 196 117 1,865 10 53 | 146 2,539 213 131 2,135 14 46 | 3,300 82,878 9,949 4,397 64,136 1,970 | 2,584 79,952 9,105 4,241 61,714 1,980 | 730 N 730 | 34 1,054 N 1,054 | 8 115 6 20 89 | 1 128 — 18 108 |
| Guam P.R. (I. Imer. Samoa C.N.M.I. | 1 335 8 U | 1 208 6 U | 2,426 | 2,912 679 1,956 202 U | N U | N U | | 2 N |

N: Not notifiable. U: Unavailable. —: No reported cases. C.N.M.I.: Commonwealth of Northern Mariana Islands.

* Incidence data for reporting years 2004 and 2005 are provisional and cumulative (year-to-date).

† Chlamydia refers to genital infections caused by *C. trachomatis*.

§ Updated monthly from reports to the Division of HIV/AIDS Prevention, National Center for HIV, STD, and TB Prevention. Last update May 29, 2005.

† Contains data reported through National Electronic Disease Surveillance System (NEDSS).

TABLE II. (Continued) Provisional cases of selected notifiable diseases, United States, weeks ending July 9, 2005, and July 10, 2004 (27th Week)*

| | | Escheri | chia coli, Enter | rohemorrhagio | (EHEC) | | | | | |
|---------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|-------------|------------|------------|----------------|-----------------|
| | 015 | 7:H7 | Shiga toxii serogroup | n positive, non-O157 | 1 | n positive, | Giardi | asis | Gono | orrhea |
| Reporting area | Cum. 2005 | Cum. 2004 | Cum. 2005 | Cum. | Cum. | Cum. | Cum. | Cum. | Cum. | Cum. |
| UNITED STATES | 707 | 847 | 97 | 2004 129 | 2005 79 | 2004 | 2005 | 2004 | 2005 | 2004 |
| NEW ENGLAND | 56 | 57 | 26 | | | 67 | 7,422 | 8,357 | 152,905 | 163,046 |
| Maine | 9 | 2 | 5 | 30 | 10 | 7 | 678 83 | 765 69 | 3,072 68 | 3,645 |
| N.H. | 5 | 10 | 1 | 5 | - | - | 35 | 19 | 76 | 61 |
| Vt. Mass. | 6 19 | 6 27 | 6 | 9 | 10 | 7 | 74 282 | 66 | 28 | 45 |
| R.I. | 2 | 5 | - | 1 | - | _ | 53 | 347 54 | 1,406 257 | 1,557 469 |
| Conn. | 15 | 7 | 13 | 15 | _ | - | 151 | 210 | 1,237 | 1,383 |
| MID. ATLANTIC | 89 | 112 | 7 | 18 | 8 | 16 | 1,414 | 1,822 | 15,571 | 18,563 |
| Upstate N.Y. N.Y. City | 43 | 43 25 | 6 | 7 | 3 | 6 | 505 367 | 568 | 3,152 | 3,713 |
| N.J. | 14 | 18 | _ | 4 | _ | 5 | 171 | 551 238 | 4,876 2.066 | 5,768 3,502 |
| Pa. | 29 | 26 | 1 | 7 | 5 | 5 | 371 | 465 | 5,477 | 5,580 |
| E.N. CENTRAL | 132 | 178 | 8 | 23 | 5 | 8 | 1,152 | 1,261 | 28,219 | 34,223 |
| Ohio Ind. | 44 | 43 19 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 7 | 316 | 367 | 8,962 | 10,730 |
| III. | 14 | 36 | 1 | 2 | _ | 1 | N 236 | N 405 | 3,996 8,558 | 3,197 10,131 |
| Mich. | 29 | 35 | - | 4 | 2 | - | 333 | 292 | 4,632 | 7,778 |
| Wis. | 24 | 45 | 6 | 13 | _ | _ | 267 | 197 | 2,071 | 2,387 |
| W.N. CENTRAL Minn. | 102 14 | 156 32 | 19 | 19 7 | 10 | 14 | 866 | 910 | 8,606 | 8,464 |
| lowa | 28 | 46 | _ | | 2 | 2 | 423 107 | 307 124 | 1,170 709 | 1,498 598 |
| Mo. | 30 | 23 | 8 | 10 | 3 | 4 | 178 | 256 | 4.663 | 4,324 |
| N. Dak. S. Dak. | 1 6 | 5 11 | 2 | | _ | 5 | 3 | 15 | 31 | 65 |
| Nebr. | 8 | 24 | 3 | 2 | 3 | _ | 37 44 | 32 64 | 197 678 | 136 552 |
| Kans. | 15 | 15 | _ | _ | 2 | 3 | 74 | 112 | 1,158 | 1,291 |
| S. ATLANTIC | 88 | 70 | 14 | 13 | 35 | 10 | 1,079 | 1,326 | 36,940 | 39,091 |
| Del. Md. | 16 | 2 | N | N | N | N | 18 | 26 | 408 | 472 |
| D.C. | - | 17 | 2 | 2 | _ | 2 | 74 22 | 49 38 | 3,489 1,049 | 4,119 |
| Va. | 10 | 8 | 6 | 6 | 8 | | 232 | 183 | 3,652 | 4,403 |
| W. Va. N.C. | 1 | 1 | - | _ | - | 6 | 16 | 15 | 371 | 433 |
| S.C. | 1 | 6 | _ | _ | 19 | 6 | N 42 | N 48 | 8,101 4,346 | 7,837 4,449 |
| Ga. | 13 | 15 | 2 | 3 | | - | 241 | 425 | 5,821 | 7,157 |
| Fla. | 4.7 | 20 | 4 | 2 | 8 | 2 | 434 | 542 | 9,703 | 8,946 |
| E.S. CENTRAL | 38 | 47 | _ | 3 | 5 | 8 | 174 | 183 | 12,405 | 13,024 |
| Ky. Tenn. | 16 | 11 16 | _ | 1 | 4 | 5 | N 87 | N 95 | 1,598 3,993 | 1,259 4,209 |
| Ala. | 11 | 12 | _ | _ | - | _ | 87 | 88 | 3,696 | 4,116 |
| Miss. | 2 | 8 | - | 2 | _ | _ | - | _ | 3,118 | 3,440 |
| W.S. CENTRAL | 24 | 44 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 113 | 132 | 22,706 | 22,676 |
| Ark. La. | 4 3 | 8 2 | 3 | _ | 2 | _ | 38 18 | 55 23 | 2,324 5,288 | 2,128 6.003 |
| Okla. | 10 | 9 | _ | - | _ | - | 57 | 54 | 2,243 | 2,455 |
| Tex. | 7 | 25 | - | 2 | 1 | 4 | N | N | 12,851 | 12,090 |
| MOUNTAIN | 69 | 77 | 18 | 20 | 3 | _ | 567 | 626 | 5,633 | 5,519 |
| Mont. Idaho | 5 | 21 | 5 | 3 | 1 | | 20 42 | 19 81 | 56 45 | 49 42 |
| Wyo. | done. | 1 | 2 | 1 | _ | _ | 12 | 11 | 30 | 28 |
| Colo. | 15 | 20 | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | 214 | 211 | 1,438 | 1,582 |
| N. Mex. Ariz. | 2 19 | 6 7 | 3 N | 3 N | N | N | 21 74 | 38 88 | 404 2.062 | 532 1.850 |
| Utah | 10 | 9 | 7 | 11 | _ | - | 148 | 128 | 339 | 261 |
| Nev. | 9 | 9 | _ | 1 | 1 | - | 36 | 50 | 1,259 | 1,175 |
| PACIFIC | 109 | 106 | 2 | 1 | _ | _ | 1,379 | 1,332 | 19,753 | 17,841 |
| Wash. Oreg. | 25 32 | 35 12 | 2 | 1 | _ | _ | 126 129 | 143 198 | 1,824 767 | 1,374 554 |
| Calif. | 43 | 55 | | _ | _ | _ | 1,052 | 914 | 16,444 | 14.894 |
| Alaska | 6 | 1 | | - | | _ | 37 | 33 | 268 | 324 |
| Hawaii | 3 | 3 | - | | _ | - | 35 | 44 | 450 | 695 |
| Guam P.R. | N | N | | mon | _ | - | 26 | 2 | 100 | 114 |
| V.I. | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 26 | 101 | 198 | 147 64 |
| Amer. Samoa | U | U | U | U | U | U | U | U | ũ | U |
| C.N.M.I. | - | U | _ | U | - | U | - | U | - | U |

N: Not notifiable. U: Unavailable. —: No reported cases. C.N.M.I.: Commonwealth of Northern Mariana Islands.

* Incidence data for reporting years 2004 and 2005 are provisional and cumulative (year-to-date).

TABLE II. (Continued) Provisional cases of selected notifiable diseases, United States, weeks ending July 9, 2005, and July 10, 2004

| | | | | Haemophilus infl | uenzae, invasive | | | |
|---------------------------|----------|---------------|--|------------------|-------------------|------------|---------|-------------|
| | All a | ges | | | Age <5 | years | | |
| | All sen | - | Serot | type b | Non-ser | | Unknown | serotype |
| | Cum. | Cum. | Cum. | Cum. | Cum. | Cum. | Cum. | Cum. |
| JNITED STATES | 2005 | 2004 1,158 | 2005 | 2004 8 | 2005 63 | 2004 64 | 119 | 2004 108 |
| | 1,202 | | 3 | | | | | |
| IEW ENGLAND | 93 5 | 111 | _ | 1 | 7 | 7 | 4 | 1 |
| I.H. | 4 | 13 | - | _ | _ | 2 | _ | _ |
| 1. | 6 | 5 | _ | _ | _ | _ | 2 | 1 |
| Aass. | 42 | 55 | - | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | _ |
| 3.1. | 7 29 | 3 28 | - | - | 2 | 3 | _ | _ |
| Conn. | | | _ | _ | 3 | | | |
| MID. ATLANTIC | 239 | 238 81 | _ | 1 | _ | 3 | 29 5 | 28 |
| Jpstate N.Y. I.Y. City | 69 43 | 50 | _ | - | _ | _ | 9 | 9 |
| L.J. | 44 | 42 | _ | _ | _ | retorior | 7 | 2 |
| a. | 83 | 65 | - | _ | | _ | 8 | 13 |
| N. CENTRAL | 157 | 217 | 1 | _ | 1 | 8 | 10 | 31 |
| Ohio | 81 | 67 | _ | - | _ | 2 | 7 | 10 |
| nd. | 41 | 33 | _ | _ | 1 | 4 | 1 | 1 |
| I. | 15 | 71 | - | _ | _ | _ | 2 | 16 |
| Aich. | 13 | 14 32 | 1 | _ | = | 2 | _ | 3 |
| Vis. | | | _ | | - | _ | | |
| V.N. CENTRAL | 63 | 61 | - | 2 | 3 | 3 | 9 | 5 |
| Minn. owa | 21 | 27 | _ | 1 | 3 | 3 | _ | _ |
| Mo. | 30 | 22 | _ | _ | _ | _ | 7 | 4 |
| N. Dak. | 1 | 3 | - | _ | _ | _ | 1 | _ |
| S. Dak. | | _ | - | - | - | _ | | _ |
| Nebr. | 6 | 2 | _ | _ | _ | _ | 1 | 1 |
| Kans. | 5 | 6 | and the same of th | - | _ | | _ | |
| S. ATLANTIC | 283 | 263 | 1 | _ | 17 | 18 | 15 | 18 |
| Del. | 40 | 46 | = | _ | 4 | 5 | = | _ |
| Md. D.C. | 40 | 2 | _ | _ | 4 | 5 | _ | 1 |
| Va. | 26 | 23 | _ | - | _ | | | 1 |
| W. Va. | 16 | 10 | _ | name. | 1 | 3 5 | 3 | _ |
| N.C. | 52 | 37 | 1 | - | 5 | | _ | 1 |
| S.C. | 13 | 7 74 | _ | = | _ | _ | 7 | 1 |
| Ga. Fla. | 57 79 | 64 | _ | _ | 7 | 5 | 4 | 14 |
| | 71 | | | | 1 | | 12 | 7 |
| E.S. CENTRAL Ky. | 6 | 43 | _ | = | 1 | _ | 1 | |
| Tenn. | 49 | 29 | _ | - | | _ | 7 | 5 |
| Ala. | 16 | 11 | - | _ | - | - | 4 | 2 |
| Miss. | - | | - | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| W.S. CENTRAL | 71 | 47 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 1 |
| Ark. | 4 | 1 | - | - | 1 | _ | _ | _ |
| La. | 26 | 9 | 1 | - | 2 | - | 6 | 1 |
| Okla. Tex. | 41 | 36 | _ | 1 | 2 | 5 | = | |
| | | | _ | | | | | |
| MOUNTAIN | 165 | 125 | | 3 | 16 | 15 | 27 | 12 |
| Mont. Idaho | 3 | 5 | _ | _ | _ | _ | 1 | 2 |
| Wyo. | 3 | _ | _ | _ | = | _ | 1 | |
| Colo. | 30 | 30 | | _ | | _ | 6 | 3 |
| N. Mex. | 15 | 26 | _ | - | 4 | 5 | 1 | 4 |
| Ariz. | 89 | 44 | _ | _ | 10 | 6 | 9 7 | 1 |
| Utah Nev. | 12 13 | 9 | = | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| PACIFIC Wash. | 60 | 53 | _ | = | 13 | 5 | 7 | 5 |
| vvasn. Oreg. | 24 | 26 | _ | _ | _ | _ | 5 | 2 |
| Calif. | 26 | 17 | _ | _ | 13 | 5 | 1 | 1 |
| Alaska | 4 | 5 | = = | _ | _ | _ | 1 | 1 |
| Hawaii | 6 | 4 | - | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Guam | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | - | _ | **** |
| P.R. | _ | 1 | - | _ | - | _ | _ | 1 |
| V.I. Amer. Samoa | U | U | U | U | U | Ū | Ū | U |
| C.N.M.I. | 0 | Ü | U | Ü | U | U | | Ü |

N: Not notifiable. U: Unavailable. —: No reported cases. C.N.M.I.: Commonwealth of Northern Mariana Islands.

* Incidence data for reporting years 2004 and 2005 are provisional and cumulative (year-to-date).

TABLE II. (Continued) Provisional cases of selected notifiable diseases, United States, weeks ending July 9, 2005, and July 10, 2004 (27th Week)*

| | | | Hepatitis (vir | al, acute), by type | | |
|-------------------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|---------------------|--------------|--------------|
| | | A | | В | | С |
| Reporting area | Cum. 2005 | Cum. 2004 | Cum. 2005 | Cum. 2004 | Cum. 2005 | Cum. 2004 |
| JNITED STATES | 1,858 | 2,975 | 2,845 | 2,992 | 412 | 364 |
| NEW ENGLAND | 255 | 441 | 156 | 192 | 7 | 7 |
| Maine | 1 | 8 | 8 | 1 | _ | _ |
| N.H. | 46 | 11 | 10 | 22 | anni. | name. |
| /t. Mass. | 3 174 | 8 373 | 2 | 2 | 7 | 1 |
| R.I. | 5 | 10 | 113 | 95 3 | _ | 6 |
| Conn. | 26 | 31 | 22 | 69 | U | _ |
| MID. ATLANTIC | 304 | 369 | 585 | 392 | 53 | 66 |
| Jpstate N.Y. | 53 | 42 | 49 | 38 | 12 | 3 |
| N.Y. City | 154 | 144 | 55 | 77 | _ | _ |
| N.J. | 47 | 85 | 371 | 107 | | |
| Pa. | 50 | 98 | 110 | 170 | 41 | 63 |
| E.N. CENTRAL | 180 | 236 | 194 | 275 | 65 | 45 |
| Ohio | 27 22 | 27 24 | 71 | 66 | 1 | 3 |
| Ind. | 38 | 77 | 15 19 | 16 33 | 15 | 3 12 |
| Mich. | 77 | 84 | 89 | 135 | 49 | 27 |
| Wis. | 16 | 24 | _ | 25 | _ | _ |
| W.N. CENTRAL | 56 | 87 | 189 | 182 | 25 | 6 |
| Minn. | 3 | 23 | 11 | 20 | 3 | 4 |
| lowa | 15 | 28 | 65 | 11 | - | _ |
| Mo. | 27 | 16 | 83 | 118 | 20 | 2 |
| N. Dak. S. Dak. | _ | 1 2 | | 3 | 1 | _ |
| Nebr. | 3 | 9 | 14 | 17 | 1 | _ |
| Kans. | 8 | 8 | 16 | 13 | _ | |
| S. ATLANTIC | 275 | 532 | 742 | 965 | 149 | 90 |
| Del. | 1 | 5 | 34 | 25 | 78 | 4 |
| Md. | 28 | 68 | 89 | 84 | 18 | 2 |
| D.C. | 2 | 4 | 4 | 13 | - | 1 |
| Va. W. Va. | 43 | 45 1 | 84 20 | 108 | 8 5 | 8 16 |
| N.C. | 39 | 34 | 86 | 92 | 9 | 6 |
| S.C. | 10 | 32 | 53 | 78 | 2 | 8 |
| Ga. | 49 | 198 | 95 | 287 | 4 | 7 |
| Fla. | 100 | 145 | 277 | 274 | 25 | 38 |
| E.S. CENTRAL | 117 | 90 | 188 | 247 | 46 | 38 |
| Ky. | 6 | 12 | 36 | 27 | 4 | 16 |
| Tenn. Ala. | 84 14 | 64 | 69 44 | 119 40 | 8 | 10 |
| Miss. | 13 | 8 | 39 | 61 | 26 | 10 |
| W.S. CENTRAL | 107 | 399 | 193 | 153 | | 57 |
| Ark. | 4 | 51 | 20 | 63 | 18 | 1 |
| La. | 36 | 21 | 27 | 30 | 8 | 3 |
| Okla. | 3 | 17 | 20 | 39 | _ | 2 |
| Tex. | 64 | 310 | 126 | 21 | 10 | 51 |
| MOUNTAIN | 183 | 233 | 291 | 231 | 20 | 21 |
| Mont. | 7 | 4 | 3 | 1 | mine | 2 |
| ldaho Wyo. | 15 | 11 | 6 | 6 | _ | 1 |
| Colo. | 21 | 22 | 27 | 23 | 10 | 4 |
| N. Mex. | 9 | 12 | 7 | 10 | | U |
| Ariz. | 111 | 149 | 198 | 120 | _ | 3 |
| Utah Nev. | 13 | 25 7 | 29 20 | 22 42 | 6 | 2 |
| | | | | | | |
| PACIFIC | 381 | 588 | 307 | 355 | 29 7 | 34 |
| Wash. Oreg. | 23 26 | 32 41 | 37 47 | 28 61 | 11 | 10 |
| Calif. | 319 | 498 | 213 | 254 | 11 | 14 |
| Alaska | 3 | 3 | 7 | 8 | - | - |
| Hawaii | 10 | 14 | 3 | 4 | _ | 1 |
| Guam | - | 1 | 9696 | 10 | _ | 8 |
| P.R. | 14 | 23 | 9 | 42 | | - |
| V.I. | | U | | Ū | ū | ū |
| Amer. Samoa C.N.M.I. | U | U | U | U | U | U |

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TABLE II. (Continued) Provisional cases of selected notifiable diseases, United States, weeks ending July 9, 2005, and July 10, 2004 (27th Week)*

| | | ellosis | Liste | riosis | Lyme | disease | Mali | orio |
|----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|--------------------|----------|
| Reporting area | Cum. 2005 | Cum. 2004 | Cum. 2005 | Cum. 2004 | Cum. 2005 | Cum. 2004 | Cum. | Cum. |
| UNITED STATES | 610 | 795 | 259 | 301 | 3,785 | 6.996 | 2005 513 | 2004 |
| NEW ENGLAND | 38 | 23 | 9 | 13 | | | | 662 |
| Maine | 2 | _ | _ | 3 | 256 18 | 1,113 | 26 | 58 |
| N.H. | 4 | _ | 1 | 1 | 31 | 29 49 | 3 | 4 |
| /t. | - | 1 | - | - | 5 | 16 | 3 | _ |
| Mass. | 23 | 14 | 5 | 4 | 131 | 720 | 17 | 3 |
| R.I. Conn. | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 76 | 2 | 36 |
| | 6 | 6 | 2 | 4 | 68 | 223 | _ | 13 |
| MID. ATLANTIC | 173 | 184 | 60 | 67 | 2,616 | | | |
| Jpstate N.Y. | 44 | 36 | 22 | 20 | 628 | 4,576 1,280 | 141 | 164 |
| I.Y. City | 19 | 23 | 10 | 11 | | 148 | 25 65 | 19 |
| I.J. | 34 | 24 | 9 | 17 | 945 | 1,410 | 31 | 81 |
| a. | 76 | 101 | 19 | 19 | 1,043 | 1,738 | 20 | 37 27 |
| .N. CENTRAL | 120 | 190 | 24 | 55 | | | | |
| Ohio | 57 | 89 | 11 | 17 | 49 | 552 | 40 | 62 |
| nd. | 8 | 16 | 1 | 10 | 31 6 | 22 | 12 | 15 |
| l, | 12 | 24 | _ | 11 | _ | 4 54 | | 7 |
| Mich. | 32 | 53 | 7 | 15 | 4 | 54 | 11 | 18 |
| Vis. | 11 | 8 | 5 | 2 | 8 | 467 | 13 | 13 |
| V.N. CENTRAL | 19 | 20 | 11 | | | | | 9 |
| Ainn. | 1 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 149 | 80 | 26 | 41 |
| owa | 3 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 112 | 39 | 11 | 18 |
| No. | 9 | 11 | 2 | 2 | 23 12 | 13 | 4 | 2 |
| I. Dak. | 1 | 1 | 2 | _ | 12 | 20 | 10 | 11 |
| S. Dak. | 2 | 1 | - | | _ | _ | _ | 2 |
| lebr. | 1 | 1 | _ | 1 | _ | 6 | _ | 1 |
| lans. | 2 | 2 | 1 | | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| . ATLANTIC | 140 | 170 | 61 | 20 | | | | 5 |
| Del. | 8 | 3 | N | 39 | 621 | 598 | 106 | 153 |
| Md. | 35 | 32 | 10 | N 6 | 222 | 88 | - | 3 |
| I.C. | 2 | 7 | _ | _ | 298 | 387 | 37 | 30 |
| a. | 12 | 16 | 5 | 6 | 40 | 34 | 3 | 8 |
| V. Va. | 5 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 11 | 12 |
| I.C. | 14 | 15 | 11 | 8 | 24 | 49 | 15 | _ |
| ia. | 3 | 6 | 1 | 1 | 7 | 6 | 3 | 9 |
| la. | 11 | 25 | 11 | 8 | _ | 10 | 16 | 7 33 |
| | 50 | 63 | 21 | 9 | 24 | 20 | 20 | 51 |
| .S. CENTRAL | 26 | 42 | 12 | 17 | 16 | | | |
| y. | 7 | 11 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 23 | 12 | 20 |
| enn. | 10 | 19 | 6 | 8 | 15 | 11 | 3 | 1 |
| la. liss. | 8 | 11 | 4 | 3 | _ | 3 | 6 | 4 |
| | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | - | _ | | 11 |
| S. CENTRAL | 10 | 91 | 12 | 23 | 31 | | | 4 |
| rk. | 1 | - | - | 2 | 2 | 15 | 33 | 68 |
| a. | 4 | 5 | 6 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 6 |
| kla. | 2 | 2 | - | _ | _ | 2 | 2 2 2 | 4 |
| ex. | 3 | 84 | 6 | 19 | 26 | 11 | 27 | 2 |
| OUNTAIN | 52 | 43 | 5 | | | | | 56 |
| ont. | 4 | 1 | 5 | 12 | 3 | 5 | 27 | 22 |
| aho | 1 | 5 | _ | 1 | _ | _ | _ | - |
| yo. | 3 | 4 | _ | 1 | 1 | 2 | _ | 1 |
| olo. | 15 | 8 | 2 | 3 | _ | 2 | 1 | - |
| Mex. | 2 | 1 | 1 | _ | _ | - | 15 | 7 |
| riz. tah | 14 | 10 | _ | - | _ | 1 | 5 | 1 |
| an ev. | 6 | 11 | ot house | 1 | 2 | 1 | 5 | 5 |
| | 7 | 3 | 2 | 7 | _ | - | 2 | 5 |
| CIFIC | 32 | 32 | 65 | 70 | 44 | | | |
| ash. | Moon | 5 | 6 | 6 | 44 | 34 | 102 | 74 |
| eg. | N | N | 4 | 5 | 5 | 2 | 8 | 3 |
| alif. | 32 | 27 | 55 | 57 | 37 | 14 18 | 3 | 10 |
| aska | | _ | _ | | 1 | 18 | 83 | 58 |
| awaii | - | _ | _ | 2 | N | N | 3 5 | _ |
| uam | _ | | - | | ** | 14 | 5 | 3 |
| R. | _ | _ | _ | | N. | | - | _ |
| 1. | - | _ | _ | | N | N | 1 | _ |
| mer. Samoa | U | U | U | U | U | U | | _ |
| N.M.I. | (Maries) | U | _ | Ü | U | U | U | U |

N: Not notifiable. U: Unavailable. —: No reported cases. C.N.M.I.: Commonwealth of Northern Mariana Islands.

* Incidence data for reporting years 2004 and 2005 are provisional and cumulative (year-to-date).

TABLE II. (Continued) Provisional cases of selected notifiable diseases, United States, weeks ending July 9, 2005, and July 10, 2004 (27th Week)*

| | | | | | Meningocoo | cal disease | | | | |
|---------------------|-----------|-----------|--|------------------------|----------------|-------------|----------|-----------|-------------------|----------|
| | All core | groups | | group and W-135 | | | Other | rograus | Corone | unknow |
| | Cum. | Cum. | Cum. | Cum. | Serogr Cum. | Cum. | Other se | Cum. | Serogroup Cum. | Cum. |
| Reporting area | 2005 | 2004 | 2005 | 2004 | 2005 | 2004 | 2005 | 2004 | 2005 | 2004 |
| INITED STATES | 700 | 744 | 53 | 60 | 36 | 30 | - | 1 | 611 | 653 |
| NEW ENGLAND | 52 | 41 | 1 | 5 | _ | 5 | - | 1 | 51 | 30 |
| Maine N.H. | 8 | 8 | | _ | _ | 1 | _ | _ | 2 | 7 |
| Vt. | 4 | 1 | _ | _ | _ | _ | ema. | - | 4 | 1 |
| Mass. | 26 | 24 | - | 5 | _ | 4 | _ | _ | 26 | 15 |
| R.I. Conn. | 10 | 1 4 | 1 | | 1000 | | _ | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| MID. ATLANTIC | 92 | 111 | 27 | 33 | 4 | 5 | | | 61 | 73 |
| Upstate N.Y. | 23 | 32 | 3 | 5 | 3 | 3 | = | = | 17 | 24 |
| N.Y. City | 12 | 20 | | _ | _ | | - | | 12 | 20 |
| N.J. Pa. | 26 31 | 20 39 | 24 | 28 | 1 | 2 | _ | _ | 26 6 | 20 |
| E.N. CENTRAL | 61 | 78 | 15 | 15 | 5 | 5 | | | 41 | 58 |
| Ohio | 28 | 41 | - | 3 | 5 | 4 | _ | 100 | 23 | 34 |
| Ind. | 10 | 12 | _ | - | _ | 1 | = | _ | 10 | 11 |
| [[]. | 3 | 1 | - | 40 | _ | - | - | = | 3 | 1 |
| Mich. Wis. | 15 5 | 12 12 | 15 | 12 | _ | = | _ | _ | 5 | 12 |
| W.N. CENTRAL | 44 | 48 | 2 | _ | 1 | 4 | - | - | 41 | 44 |
| Minn. | 6 | 14 | 1 | _ | - | riesen. | - | contract. | 5 | 14 |
| lowa | 12 | 10 | - | NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY. | 1 | 2 | - | | 11 | 8 |
| Mo. N. Dak. | 15 | 14 | 1 | _ | - | 1 | _ | - | 14 | 13 |
| S. Dak. | 2 | 2 | _ | _ | _ | 1 | _ | - | 2 | 1 |
| Nebr. | 3 | 2 | - | _ | | - | - | = = = | 3 | 2 |
| Kans. | 6 | 5 | - | - | - | - | | - | 6 | 5 |
| S. ATLANTIC | 136 | 146 | 4 | 2 | 7 | 2 | - | - | 125 | 142 |
| Del. Md. | 2 15 | 2 7 | 2 | _ | 2 | _ | _ | _ | 11 | 2 7 |
| D.C. | 15 | 5 | _ | 2 | | _ | | | - | 3 |
| Va. | 16 | 10 | _ | - | - | - | _ | _ | 16 | 10 |
| W. Va. | 5 | 4 | 1 | - | _ | 2 | | _ | 4 | 4 |
| N.C. S.C. | 20 12 | 23 13 | 1 | _ | 5 | _ | _ | | 14 12 | 21 13 |
| Ga. | 12 | 9 | - | _ | - | | - | _ | 12 | 9 |
| Fla. | 54 | 73 | - | _ | - | - | - | | 54 | 73 |
| E.S. CENTRAL | 35 | 36 | - | 1 | 3 | - | - | *** | 32 | 35 |
| Ky. | 11 | 5 | - | 1 | 3 | - | - | - | 8 | 4 |
| Tenn. Ala. | 15 5 | 11 | | - | _ | _ | _ | | 15 5 | 11 |
| Miss. | 4 | 10 | _ | - | _ | - | _ | - | 4 | 10 |
| W.S. CENTRAL | 55 | 42 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 1 | _ | | 49 | 40 |
| Ark. | 9 | 10 | _ | - | | | - | - | 9 | 10 |
| La. | 24 | 25 | _ | 1 | 2 | - | - | **** | 22 | 24 |
| Okla. Tex. | 12 10 | 4 3 | 1 | _ | 3 | 1 | - | | 8 10 | 3 |
| | | 41 | 2 | 1 | 5 | 4 | | | 52 | 36 |
| MOUNTAIN Mont. | 59 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 5 | 4 | _ | _ | 52 | 36 |
| Idaho | 1 | 4 | orași de la constitucion de la c | - | _ | - | - | _ | 1 | 4 |
| Wyo. | _ | 3 | - | - | | - | - | - | = | 3 |
| Colo. | 13 | 11 | 2 | 1 | _ | 3 | _ | _ | 11 | 11 2 |
| N. Mex. Ariz, | 32 | 6 | | | 2 | _ | _ | - | 30 | 6 |
| Utah | 7 | 3 | - | - | 2 | | - | - | 5 | 3 |
| Nev. | 5 | 5 | - | | 1 | 1 | - | _ | 4 | 4 |
| PACIFIC | 166 | 201 | 1 | 2 2 | 6 | 4 | _ | - | 159 | 195 |
| Wash. | 30 | 17 | 1 | | 4 | 4 | - | - | 25 25 | 11 40 |
| Oreg. Calif. | 25 101 | 40 137 | | _ | _ | - | - | _ | 101 | 137 |
| Alaska | 1 | 2 | _ | _ | - | - | _ | - | 1 | 2 |
| Hawaii | 9 | 5 | men | _ | 2 | - | _ | - | 7 | 5 |
| Guam | _ | | - | - | | - | - | | - | - |
| P.R. | 4 | 9 | | - | _ | | _ | Name of | 4 | 9 |
| V.I. Amer. Samoa | _ | _ | _ | _ | | _ | | _ | _ | - |
| C.N.M.I. | | | | | - | | _ | _ | | _ |

N: Not notifiable. U: Unavailable. —: No reported cases. C.N.M.L: Commonwealth of Northern Mariana Islands.

* Incidence data for reporting years 2004 and 2005 are provisional and cumulative (year-to-date).

TABLE II. (Continued) Provisional cases of selected notifiable diseases, United States, weeks ending July 9, 2005, and July 10, 2004 (27th Week)*

| | | ussis | | s, animal | | Mountain d fever | Salmo | nellosis | Chie | allosis |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------------|--------------|--------------|-----------|------------|
| Reporting area | Cum. 2005 | Cum. 2004 | Cum. 2005 | Cum. 2004 | Cum. 2005 | Cum. 2004 | Cum. 2005 | Cum. 2004 | Cum. | Cum. |
| UNITED STATES | 8,608 | 6,467 | 2,572 | 3,158 | 428 | 472 | 14,546 | 16,371 | 2005 | 2004 |
| NEW ENGLAND | 513 | 818 | 364 | 269 | 1 | 9 | 963 | | 5,102 | 6,213 |
| Maine N.H. | 13 | 4 | 27 | 30 | N | N | 74 | 833 | 118 | 126 |
| Vt. | 25 59 | 25 40 | 27 | 10 | - | _ | 78 | 48 | 4 | 5 |
| Mass. | 384 | 708 | 214 | 10 108 | | 8 | 49 522 | 25 | 6 | 2 |
| R.I. Conn. | 12 | 16 | 8 | 18 | 1 | 1 | 40 | 516 48 | 71 | 80 |
| | 20 | 25 | 81 | 93 | - | _ | 200 | 157 | 24 | 29 |
| MID. ATLANTIC Upstate N.Y. | 727 264 | 1,219 | 288 | 414 | 28 | 37 | 1,833 | 2.229 | 528 | 655 |
| N.Y. City | 44 | 885 82 | 229 16 | 210 | 1 | 1 | 509 | 468 | 145 | 294 |
| N.J. | 126 | 88 | N | N | 2 8 | 12 8 | 405 | 624 | 204 | 191 |
| Pa. | 293 | 164 | 43 | 195 | 17 | 16 | 260 659 | 447 690 | 140 39 | 114 56 |
| E.N. CENTRAL | 1,771 | 1,834 | 62 | 33 | 15 | 17 | 1,932 | 2,300 | | |
| Ohio Ind. | 663 | 225 | 30 | 9 | 12 | 6 | 562 | 537 | 358 39 | 478 80 |
| 16. | 146 206 | 45 380 | 17 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 147 | 214 | 33 | 93 |
| Mich. | 114 | 64 | 11 | 11 | 1 2 | 6 | 486 | 761 | 84 | 190 |
| Wis. | 642 | 1,120 | | 2 | _ | | 384 353 | 392 396 | 128 74 | 54 |
| W.N. CENTRAL | 1,221 | 414 | 202 | 324 | 62 | 51 | 1,031 | | | 61 |
| Minn. Iowa | 337 | 76 | 37 | 25 | _ | - | 254 | 1,089 266 | 546 31 | 183 24 |
| Mo. | 344 223 | 45 202 | 36 | 38 | 1 | 1 | 152 | 216 | 42 | 38 |
| N. Dak. | 67 | 52 | 31 13 | 15 36 | 58 | 43 | 330 | 292 | 393 | 78 |
| S. Dak. | 1 | 11 | 38 | 68 | 2 | _ | 15 63 | 19 50 | 2 | 2 |
| Nebr. Kans. | 114 135 | 5 | | 69 | _ | 7 | 75 | 70 | 16 31 | 7 7 |
| S. ATLANTIC | | 23 | 47 | 73 | 1 | _ | 142 | 176 | 31 | 27 |
| Del. | 544 13 | 324 | 860 | 1,238 | 217 | 214 | 3,795 | 3,668 | 906 | 1,505 |
| Mtd. | 98 | 60 | 141 | 148 | 23 | 3 | 32 | 30 | 5 | 3 |
| D.C. | 4 | 6 | - | _ | 23 | 19 | 282 | 301 18 | 29 | 55 |
| Va. W. Va. | 91 28 | 87 | 290 | 233 | 9 | 7 | 371 | 373 | 8 46 | 21 58 |
| N.C. | 41 | 5 46 | 22 264 | 33 | 3 | 1 | 66 | 72 | _ | _ |
| S.C. | 163 | 53 | 5 | 346 87 | 146 | 110 | 605 | 388 | 88 | 138 |
| Ga. Fla. | 18 | 15 | 135 | 177 | 15 | 41 | 204 568 | 312 722 | 40 229 | 293 |
| | 88 | 52 | 3 | 205 | 10 | 9 | 1,647 | 1,452 | 461 | 361 576 |
| E.S. CENTRAL Ky. | 246 71 | 75 | 76 | 71 | 56 | 66 | 885 | 1,008 | 699 | 361 |
| Tenn. | 115 | 11 41 | 7 24 | 13 23 | 44 | _ | 145 | 151 | 115 | 39 |
| Ala. | 40 | 13 | 45 | 28 | 11 | 35 17 | 280 270 | 286 | 379 | 172 |
| Miss. | 20 | 10 | _ | 7 | 1 | 14 | 190 | 257 314 | 161 44 | 120 30 |
| W.S. CENTRAL Ark. | 251 | 323 | 543 | 641 | 21 | 65 | 1,000 | 1,710 | | |
| La. | 135 22 | 21 10 | 20 | 28 | 12 | 34 | 301 | 215 | 877 32 | 1.769 |
| Okla. | | 17 | 54 | 73 | 3 5 | 3 | 300 | 356 | 56 | 189 |
| Tex. | 94 | 275 | 469 | 540 | 1 | 27 | 170 229 | 150 989 | 393 | 259 |
| MOUNTAIN | 2,131 | 551 | 108 | 66 | 23 | 9 | 945 | | 396 | 1,290 |
| Mont, Idaho | 401 | 15 | - | 10 | 1 | 2 | 945 41 | 1,033 | 313 | 380 |
| Wyo. | 66 19 | 18 | - | _ | 1 | 1 | 54 | 79 | 2 | 6 |
| Colo. | 738 | 281 | 12 | 10 | 3 | 2 | 25 | 23 | _ | 1 |
| N. Mex. | 70 | 80 | 70000 | 2 | _ | 1 2 | 237 78 | 257 | 46 | 65 |
| Ariz. Utah | 597 213 | 107 | 83 | 44 | 13 | 1 | 304 | 111 310 | 36 180 | 68 196 |
| Nev. | 27 | 37 10 | 4 | _ | 4 | - | 136 | 104 | 19 | 19 |
| PACIFIC | 1,204 | 909 | | | _ | _ | 70 | 82 | 25 | 21 |
| Wash. | 275 | 329 | 69 | 102 | 5 | 4 | 2,162 | 2,501 | 757 | 756 |
| Oreg. Calif. | 369 | 248 | 2 | 2 | _ | 2 | 213 154 | 221 213 | 38 | 54 |
| Alaska | 478 22 | 312 | 66 | 89 | 5 | 2 | 1,636 | 1.845 | 35 664 | 36 637 |
| Hawaii | 60 | 10 10 | 1 | 11 | - | - | 24 | 32 | 6 | 5 |
| Guam | Name | | | _ | - | _ | 135 | 190 | 14 | 24 |
| P.R. | 1 | - | 32 | 30 | N | N/ | - | 44 | _ | 34 |
| V.I. Amer. Samoa | - | - | _ | - | | N | 86 | 190 | 1 | 13 |
| C.N.M.I. | U | U | U | U | U | U | U | U | U | U |
| N. Not notifiable | III Unavallable | 0 | | U | _ | U | _ | U | _ | ŭ |

N: Not notifiable. U: Unavailable. —: No reported cases. C.N.M.I.: Commonwealth of Northern Mariana Islands.

* Incidence data for reporting years 2004 and 2005 are provisional and cumulative (year-to-date).

TABLE II. (Continued) Provisional cases of selected notifiable diseases, United States, weeks ending July 9, 2005, and July 10, 2004 (27th Week)*

| | | | | | oniae, invasive | e disease | | Cum | hilis | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------|------------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | Streptococc invasive, | | Drug re all a | | Age <5 | veare | Primary & | | Cong | enital |
| Reporting area | Cum. 2005 | Cum. 2004 | Cum. 2005 | Cum. 2004 | Cum. 2005 | Cum. 2004 | Cum. 2005 | Cum. 2004 | Cum. 2005 | Cum. 2004 |
| UNITED STATES | 2.530 | 2.844 | 1,363 | 1.365 | 477 | 465 | 3.863 | 3.919 | 119 | 215 |
| NEW ENGLAND | 96 | 198 | 22 | 80 | 50 | 67 | 113 | 106 | | 1 |
| Maine | 6 | 6 | N | N | _ | 2 | 1 | 2 | _ | _ |
| N.H. | 8 | 15 | (max) | - | 3 | N | 6 | 3 | - | _ |
| Vt. | 9 | 90 | 9 | 6 22 | 3 44 | 1 | 81 | - | _ | |
| Mass. R.I. | 66 7 | 17 | 13 | 7 | 44 | 39 5 | 2 | 63 15 | _ | 1 |
| Conn. | _ | 62 | Ü | 45 | U | 20 | 23 | 23 | - | _ |
| MID. ATLANTIC | 581 | 497 | 137 | 103 | 94 | 70 | 483 | 507 | 10 | 23 |
| Upstate N.Y. | 188 | 161 | 53 | 46 | 44 | 46 | 39 | 42 | 4 | 1 |
| N.Y. City | 100 116 | 77 108 | U | U N | 17 14 | U 6 | 312 | 305 | 5 | 9 |
| N.J. Pa. | 177 | 151 | 84 | 57 | 19 | 18 | 63 69 | 90 70 | 1 | 12 |
| E.N. CENTRAL | 505 | 662 | 362 | 318 | 124 | 114 | 374 | 468 | 20 | 28 |
| Ohio | 125 | 159 | 236 | 228 | 54 | 56 | 109 | 123 | 2 | 1 |
| Ind. | 52 | 73 | 118 | 90 | 31 | 22 | 36 | 31 | 1 | 1 |
| III. | 110 | 184 | 8 | N | 35 | 1 | 178 | 188 | 6 | 4 |
| Mich. Wis. | 196 22 | 192 54 | N | N | 4 | N 35 | 40 | 106 20 | 9 2 | 22 |
| | 164 | | 32 | | 52 | 50 | 123 | 96 | 1 | 3 |
| W.N. CENTRAL Minn. | 60 | 197 96 | 32 | 13 | 29 | 31 | 31 | 17 | 1 | 1 |
| lowa | N | N | N | N | - | N | 1 | 4 | _ | |
| Mo. | 47 | 42 | 27 | 10 | 5 | 8 | 76 | 54 | 1 | 1 |
| N. Dak. S. Dak. | 5 16 | 9 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | - | _ | _ | |
| Nebr. | 12 | 14 | 2 | 3 | 6 | 5 | 3 | 5 | _ | |
| Kans. | 24 | 28 | N | N | 10 | 4 | 12 | 16 | _ | 1 |
| S. ATLANTIC | 518 | 556 | 555 | 698 | 56 | 34 | 968 | 945 | 24 | 37 |
| Del. | 1 | 3 | 1 | 4 | | N | 6 | 3 | _ | 1 |
| Md. D.C. | 124 | 86 5 | 14 | 5 | 36 2 | 22 | 175 62 | 174 | 8 | 5 |
| Va. | 44 | 42 | N | N | _ | N | 65 | 53 | 3 | 1 |
| W. Va. | 12 | 16 | 76 | 75 | 18 | 8 | 2 | 3 | - | _ |
| N.C. | 80 | 84 | N | N | U | U | 119 | 85 | 7 | 4 |
| S.C. Ga. | 20 89 | 46 140 | 109 | 77 168 | | N | 30 136 | 65 158 | 1 | 10 |
| Fla. | 142 | 134 | 355 | 369 | _ | N | 373 | 373 | 5 | 13 |
| E.S. CENTRAL | 110 | 150 | 118 | 94 | 5 | 9 | 217 | 211 | 13 | 15 |
| Ky. | 23 | 47 | 21 | 21 | N | N | 17 | 24 | _ | 1 |
| Tenn. | 87 | 103 | 97 | 71 | _ | N N | 98 84 | 74 90 | 9 | 7 5 |
| Ala. Miss. | - | _ | _ | 2 | 5 | 9 | 18 | 23 | 1 | 2 |
| W.S. CENTRAL | 103 | 221 | 89 | 43 | 57 | 93 | 655 | 615 | 33 | 42 |
| Ark. | 10 | 9 | 12 | 6 | 13 | 7 | 29 | 23 | - | 3 |
| La. | 6 | 2 | 77 | 37 | 19 | 21 | 138 | 145 | 5 | 3 |
| Okla. | 73 14 | 44 | N | N | 16 9 | 28 37 | 22 466 | 18 429 | 27 | 34 |
| Tex. | | 166 | N | N | | | | | | |
| MOUNTAIN Mont. | 398 | 313 | 48 | 15 | 33 | 28 | 197 | 206 | 14 | 27 |
| Idaho | 1 | 5 | N | N | - | N | 18 | 13 | 1 | 2 |
| Wyo. | 2 | 6 | 20 | 5 | _ | _ | | 1 | _ | _ |
| Colo. | 149 25 | 62 69 | N | N | 32 | 28 | 21 27 | 38 53 | 1 | 2 |
| N. Mex. Ariz. | 170 | 146 | N | N | | N | 69 | 85 | 12 | 23 |
| Utah | 50 | 24 | 27 | 8 | 1 | - | 4 | 4 | _ | and a |
| Nev. | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | - | - | 53 | 11 | - | - |
| PACIFIC | 55 | 50 | - | 1 | 6 | - | 733 | 765 | 4 | 39 |
| Wash. | N | N | N | N | N | N | 64 | 52 18 | - | |
| Oreg. Calif. | N | N | N | N | 5 N | N | 16 646 | 18 692 | 4 | 39 |
| Alaska | _ | | | - N | 14 | N | 4 | - | - | - 00 |
| Hawaii | 55 | 50 | - | 1 | 1 | _ | 3 | 3 | - | - |
| Guam | _ | - | - | june. | - | | - | 1 | _ | - |
| P.R. | N | N | N | N | | N | 102 | 73 | 6 | 5 |
| V.I. Amer. Samoa | U | U | U | U | U | U | U | 4 U | u | ī |
| C.N.M.I. | 0 | U | _ | U | _ | Ü | _ | U | _ | i |

N: Not notifiable. U: Unavailable. —: No reported cases. C.N.M.I.: Commonwealth of Northern Mariana Islands. * Incidence data for reporting years 2004 and 2005 are provisional and cumulative (year-to-date).

TABLE II. (Continued) Provisional cases of selected notifiable diseases, United States, weeks ending July 9, 2005, and July 10, 2004

| 27th Week)* | | | | | Vario | ella | West Nile virus disease [†] | | | | |
|------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------------------------------|--------------|-------------------|--|--|
| | Tuberculosis | | Typhoie | d fever | (chickenpox) | | Neuroi | nvasive | Non-neuroinvasive | | |
| Reporting area | Cum. 2005 | Cum. 2004 | Cum. 2005 | Cum. 2004 | Cum. 2005 | Cum. 2004 | Cum. 2005 | Cum. 2004 | Cum. 2005 | | |
| NITED STATES | 5.028 | 6,462 | 102 | 137 | 13,281 | 12,622 | 26 | 159 | 7 | | |
| | | 213 | 12 | 14 | 935 | 1.832 | - | _ | - | | |
| EW ENGLAND | 158 | 11 | 1 | 179 | 206 | 180 | _ | | _ | | |
| laine .H. | 4 | 8 | _ | - | 159 | - | - | _ | | | |
| t. | 4 | _ | - | - | 32 | 406 | - | _ | _ | | |
| fass. | 105 | 120 | 7 | 12 | 538 | 56 | _ | _ | _ | | |
| 1,1, | 14 | 25 | 1 | 1 | _ | | _ | | - | | |
| onn. | 23 | 49 | 3 | 1 | U | 1,190 | - | _ | - | | |
| MID. ATLANTIC | 1.014 | 999 | 28 | 35 | 2.888 | 60 | _ | 3 | - | | |
| Ipstate N.Y. | 130 | 124 | 5 | 2 | - | _ | _ | _ | = | | |
| I.Y. City | 524 | 514 | 8 | 13 | - | _ | - | 2 | _ | | |
| I.J. | 221 | 214 | 8 | 11 | - | _ | _ | _ | | | |
| a. | 139 | 147 | 7 | 9 | 2,888 | 60 | - | 1 | - | | |
| N. CENTRAL | 670 | 576 | 5 | 16 | 3.863 | 3.979 | 2 | 1 | = | | |
| Ohio | 134 | 105 | _ | 3 | 878 | 999 | 1 | | - | | |
| nd. | 64 | 69 | - | - | 120 | N | 1 | _ | | | |
| lí. | 324 | 251 | 1 | 8 | 25 | 1 | - | _ | - | | |
| Aich. | 108 | 111 | 2 | 4 | 2,585 | 2,497 | _ | 1 | _ | | |
| Nis. | 40 | 40 | 2 | 1 | 255 | 482 | _ | _ | _ | | |
| W.N. CENTRAL | 215 | 234 | 2 | 3 | 205 | 130 | 7 | 4 | 4 | | |
| Minn. | 88 | 84 | 2 | 2 | - | - | - | _ | - | | |
| owa | 17 | 19 | _ | | N | N | _ | 2 | - | | |
| Mo. | 59 | 69 | 10000 | 1 | 131 | 2 | 1 | 1 | - | | |
| N. Dak. | 2 | 3 | _ | _ | 10 | 73 | _ | - | 3 | | |
| S. Dak. | 6 | 5 | - | _ | 64 | 55 | 5 | _ | 3 | | |
| Nebr. | 14 | 16 | _ | _ | _ | _ | 1 | 1 | 1 | | |
| Kans. | 29 | 38 | - | - | | | | | | | |
| S. ATLANTIC | 1,048 | 1,310 | 13 | 17 | 1,120 | 1,515 | 1 | 4 | _ | | |
| Del. | 2 | 14 | _ | - | 14 | 4 | - | _ | _ | | |
| Md. | 119 | 128 | 3 | 5 | | | - | _ | - | | |
| D.C. | 28 | 4 | - | _ | 18 | 18 | _ | _ | _ | | |
| Va. | 134 | 104 | 3 | 3 | 209 | 353 | _ | _ | N | | |
| W. Va. | 12 | 12 | | _ | 643 | 848 | - | _ | - 14 | | |
| N.C. | 108 | 139 | 2 | 3 | 236 | N 292 | _ | = | _ | | |
| S.C. | 106 | 108 | 2 | 3 | 230 | 252 | 1 | - | _ | | |
| Ga. Fla. | 164 375 | 330 471 | 3 | 3 | _ | _ | _ | 4 | | | |
| | | | | | | | 1 | 3 | | | |
| E.S. CENTRAL | 286 | 294 | 1 | 6 | N | N | | _ | _ | | |
| Ky. | 56 | 54 | 1 | 2 | 14 | 14 | _ | _ | _ | | |
| Tenn. | 132 | 108 99 | _ | _ | _ | _ | 1 | 2 | _ | | |
| Ala. | 98 | 33 | - | _ | | _ | _ | 1 | - | | |
| Miss. | | | | 40 | 0.005 | 0.000 | | 5 | | | |
| W.S. CENTRAL | 430 | 1,073 | 3 | 10 | 2,625 | 3,608 | 1 | 1 | _ | | |
| Ark. | 49 | 63 | - | = | 103 | 46 | _ | _ | _ | | |
| La. | 71 | 80 | _ | _ | 103 | 40 | _ | _ | - | | |
| Okla. | 310 | 930 | 3 | 10 | 2.522 | 3,562 | 1 | 4 | _ | | |
| Tex. | | | | | | | | 118 | 2 | | |
| MOUNTAIN | 166 | 268 | 3 | 6 | 1,645 | 1,498 | 12 | 118 | _ | | |
| Mont. | 6 | 4 | - | _ | _ | _ | | _ | _ | | |
| Idaho | | 1 | _ | _ | 43 | 22 | _ | _ | _ | | |
| Wyo. | 27 | 69 | _ | 1 | 1,169 | 1,181 | 7 | 4 | _ | | |
| Colo. N. Mex. | 8 | 19 | - | - | 101 | U | 2 | _ | 1 | | |
| Ariz. | 112 | 108 | 1 | 2 | _ | _ | 3 | 113 | 1 | | |
| Utah | 13 | 22 | 1 | 1 | 332 | 295 | _ | _ | | | |
| Nev. | _ | 45 | 1 | 2 | - | - | - | 1 | - | | |
| | 4 044 | 1,495 | 35 | 30 | - | _ | 2 | 21 | 1 | | |
| PACIFIC | 1,041 | 1,495 | 2 | 2 | N | N | _ | _ | _ | | |
| Wash. Oreg. | 54 | 41 | 2 | - | | _ | - | - | _ | | |
| Calif. | 802 | 1.257 | 25 | 22 | _ | _ | 2 | 21 | 1 | | |
| Alaska | 15 | 16 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | | |
| Hawaii | 61 | 60 | 6 | 6 | _ | _ | - | _ | _ | | |
| | | 36 | | | | 86 | _ | _ | _ | | |
| Guam | _ | 49 | _ | _ | 106 | 255 | - | _ | _ | | |
| P.R. V.I. | | 45 | _ | _ | _ | | _ | _ | _ | | |
| Amer. Samoa | U | U | U | U | U | U | U | U | _ | | |
| C.N.M.I. | 0 | Ŭ | _ | Ü | | U | _ | U | 1000 | | |

N: Not notifiable. U: Unavailable. —: No reported cases. C.N.M.I.: Commonwealth of Northern Mariana Islands.

† Incidence data for reporting years 2004 and 2005 are provisional and cumulative (year-to-date).

† Updated weekly from reports to the Division of Vector-Borne Infectious Diseases, National Center for Infectious Diseases (ArboNet Surveillance).

† Not previously notifiable.

| | n 122 U.S. cities,* week ending July 9, 2005 (2 All causes, by age (years) | | | | | | | | All causes, by age (years) | | | | | | |
|--|---|-----------|---------|-------|------|-----|---------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------|--------|-------|------|-----|---------------------------|
| Reporting Area | All Ages ≥65 | | 45-64 | 25-44 | 1-24 | <1 | P&I [†] Total | Reporting Area | All Ages | ≥65 | 45-64 | 25-44 | 1-24 | <1 | P&I [†] Total |
| NEW ENGLAND | 426 | 300 | 82 | 22 | 10 | 12 | 41 | S. ATLANTIC | 948 | 563 | 241 | 80 | 31 | 32 | 46 |
| Boston, Mass. | 112 | 72 | 29 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 8 | Atlanta, Ga. | 107 | 56 | 34 | 15 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Bridgeport, Conn. | 32 | 24 | 5 | 1 | _ | 2 | 5 | Baltimore, Md. | 153 | 86 | 42 | 18 | 5 | 2 | 12 |
| Cambridge, Mass. | 16 | 13 | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | 3 | Charlotte, N.C. | 125 | 64 | 35 | 9 | 6 | 11 | 8 |
| Fall River, Mass. | 18 | 11 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | Jacksonville, Fla. | 116 | 76 | 22 | 12 | 3 | 3 | 5 |
| Hartford, Conn. Lowell, Mass. | 28 19 | 20 12 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 6 2 | Miami, Fla. Norfolk, Va. | 31 | 18 | U 4 | 4 | 3 | 2 | U |
| Lynn, Mass. | 13 | 10 | 1 | 1 | _ | 1 | 1 | Richmond, Va. | 48 | 29 | 10 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 6 |
| New Bedford, Mass. | 23 | 20 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | 1 | Savannah, Ga. | 38 | 27 | 9 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 0 |
| New Haven, Conn. | 23 | 16 | 5 | 1 | | 1 | 1 | St. Petersburg, Fla. | 45 | 32 | 11 | 1 | 1 | | 3 |
| Providence, R.I. | 46 | 32 | 10 | 3 | _ | 1 | 4 | Tampa, Fla. | 172 | 118 | 35 | 8 | 5 | 5 | 8 |
| Somerville, Mass. | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | _ | _ | Washington, D.C. | 102 | 52 | 35 | 7 | 4 | 4 | |
| Springfield, Mass. | 34 | 22 | 6 | 5 | 1 | - | 2 | Wilmington, Del. | 11 | 5 | 4 | 2 | _ | _ | 1 |
| Waterbury, Conn. | 12 | 9 | 2 | 1 | _ | - | 2 | E.S. CENTRAL | 717 | 465 | 160 | 54 | 20 | 18 | 58 |
| Worcester, Mass. | 47 | 38 | 7 | 2 | _ | - | 4 | Birmingham, Ala. | 142 | 88 | 34 | 9 | 4 | 7 | 13 |
| MID. ATLANTIC | 1.917 | 1.336 | 400 | 119 | 38 | 21 | 81 | Chattanooga, Tenn. | 66 | 47 | 14 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 5 |
| Albany, N.Y. | 44 | 34 | 7 | 2 | 1 | - | 2 | Knoxville, Tenn. | 59 | 45 | 5 | 6 | 1 | 2 | 5 |
| Allentown, Pa. | 25 | 22 | 1 | 2 | _ | _ | 2 | Lexington, Ky. | 76 | 54 | 11 | 5 | 3 | 3 | 5 |
| Buffalo, N.Y. | 98 | 75 | 16 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 5 | Memphis, Tenn. | 183 | 111 | 53 | 16 | 3 | _ | 14 |
| Camden, N.J. | 21 | 15 | 4 | 1 | _ | 1 | 2 | Mobile, Ala. | 44 | 28 | 12 | 3 | - | 1 | 4 |
| Elizabeth, N.J. | 21 | 20 | 1 | _ | - | _ | 3 | Montgomery, Ala. | 24 | 18 | 4 | 2 | _ | _ | 5 |
| Erie, Pa. | 41 | 27 | 10 | 4 | - | - | 3 | Nashville, Tenn. | 123 | 74 | 27 | 10 | 9 | 3 | 7 |
| Jersey City, N.J. | 36 | 18 | 14 | 3 | 1 | _ | _ | W.S. CENTRAL | 1.127 | 695 | 282 | 84 | 42 | 24 | 49 |
| New York City, N.Y. | 896 | 626 | 182 | 56 | 18 | 13 | 31 | Austin, Tex. | 76 | 51 | 15 | 5 | 3 | 2 | 49 |
| Newark, N.J. | 53 | 19 | 21 | 10 | 1 | - | - | Baton Rouge, La. | 36 | 25 | 9 | 1 | 1 | _ | 2 |
| Paterson, N.J. | 18 | 9 | 6 | 3 | _ | - | - | Corpus Christi, Tex. | U | U | Ü | Ü | Ú | U | ũ |
| Philadelphia, Pa. | 270 | 182 | 65 | 13 | 7 | 3 | 8 | Dallas, Tex. | 162 | 93 | 40 | 13 | 12 | 4 | 6 |
| Pittsburgh, Pa.5 | 44 | 28 | 11 | 4 | 1 | - | 2 | El Paso, Tex. | 40 | 27 | 8 | 4 | 1 | - | 2 |
| Reading, Pa. | 24 | 18 | 3 26 | 3 7 | _ | 2 | 2 9 | Ft. Worth, Tex. | 109 | 70 | 21 | 8 | 5 | 5 | 4 |
| Rochester, N.Y. Schenectady, N.Y. | 131 | 93 15 | 26 | / | 3 | 2 | 2 | Houston, Tex. | 293 | 176 | 77 | 22 | 12 | 6 | 17 |
| Scranton, Pa. | 26 | 18 | 7 | 1 | _ | | 2 | Little Rock, Ark. | 61 | 39 | 18 | 2 | - | 2 | 1 |
| Syracuse, N.Y. | 99 | 74 | 16 | 5 | 4 | _ | 6 | New Orleans, La. | 56 | 34 | 13 | | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| Trenton, N.J. | 20 | 16 | 4 | | _ | _ | 1 | San Antonio, Tex. | 165 | 103 | 42 | | 5 | 3 | 6 |
| Utica, N.Y. | 16 | 11 | 3 | 1 | 1 | - | _ | Shreveport, La. | 28 | 18 | 8 | | | - | _ |
| Yonkers, N.Y. | 17 | 16 | 1 | _ | - | - | 1 | Tulsa, Okla. | 101 | 59 | 31 | 10 | 1 | - | 6 |
| E.N. CENTRAL | 1.696 | 1.089 | 395 | 118 | 49 | 45 | 100 | MOUNTAIN | 771 | 498 | 177 | 63 | 19 | 13 | 41 |
| Akron, Ohio | 43 | 27 | 7 | 4 | 43 | 5 | 3 | Albuquerque, N.M. | 104 | 61 | 26 | | 4 | 2 | 2 |
| Canton, Ohio | 38 | 30 | 5 | 2 | - | 1 | 3 | Boise, Idaho | 35 | 25 | 6 | | 1 | 3 | 1 |
| Chicago, III. | 316 | 177 | 90 | 32 | 10 | 7 | 27 | Colo. Springs, Colo. | 42 | 34 | 4 | | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Cincinnati, Ohio | 21 | 15 | 3 | 2 | _ | 1 | 2 | Denver, Colo. | 85 | 39 | 28 | | 6 | 2 | 4 |
| Cleveland, Ohio | 156 | 102 | 28 | 11 | 6 | 9 | 6 | Las Vegas, Nev. | 238 27 | 153 | 58 | | 6 | 1 | 13 |
| Columbus, Ohio | 182 | 117 | 42 | 14 | 6 | 3 | 11 | Ogden, Utah Phoenix, Ariz. | U | U | U | | U | Ü | U |
| Dayton, Ohio | 83 | 58 | 21 | 2 | _ | 2 | 1 | Pueblo, Colo. | 33 | 17 | 11 | | _ | _ | 1 |
| Detroit, Mich. | 150 | 78 | 48 | 13 | 8 | 3 | 8 | Salt Lake City, Utah | 96 | 62 | 23 | | 1 | 1 | 7 |
| Evansville, Ind. | 44 | 35 | 9 | _ | - | _ | | Tucson, Ariz. | 111 | 86 | 18 | | - | 2 | 9 |
| Fort Wayne, Ind. | 46 | 27 | 14 | 2 | 3 | _ | 4 | | | | | | 00 | | |
| Gary, Ind. | 8 | 6 | 1 | 1 | - | - | 2 | PACIFIC Calif | 1,392 | 932 | 312 | | 39 | 23 | 105 |
| Grand Rapids, Mich. | 41 180 | 30 118 | 5 42 | 2 | 4 | 5 | | Berkeley, Calif. | 11 86 | 9 57 | 19 | | 3 | _ | 6 |
| Indianapolis, Ind. | 46 | 31 | 9 | 12 | 3 | 2 | | Fresno, Calif. Glendale, Calif. | 17 | 12 | 5 | | 3 | | 2 |
| Lansing, Mich. Milwaukee, Wis. | 83 | 61 | 17 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 6 | Honolulu, Hawaii | 60 | 45 | 10 | | | 1 | 3 |
| Peoria, III. | 35 | 21 | 9 | 3 | _ | 2 | | Long Beach, Calif. | 47 | 34 | 11 | | _ | - | 4 |
| Rockford, III. | 50 | 37 | 11 | 1 | 1 | _ | 3 | Los Angeles, Calif. | 318 | 210 | 72 | | 13 | 4 | 31 |
| South Bend, Ind. | 34 | 26 | 6 | 1 | 1 | _ | 1 | Pasadena, Calif. | 5 | 4 | 1 | | _ | _ | 1 |
| Toledo, Ohio | 100 | 59 | 24 | 9 | 4 | 4 | | Portland, Oreg. | 83 | 60 | 11 | 4 | 2 | 5 | 5 |
| Youngstown, Ohio | 40 | 34 | 4 | 2 | _ | _ | 4 | Sacramento, Calif. | 165 | 111 | 36 | 9 | 4 | 5 | 10 |
| | | | | | 47 | 479 | 20 | San Diego, Calif. | 129 | 83 | 31 | 7 | 5 | 3 | 5 |
| W.N. CENTRAL | 594 | 378 | 134 | 48 | 17 | 17 | | San Francisco, Calif. | 86 | 55 | 18 | 6 | 5 | 2 | 7 |
| Des Moines, Iowa | 75 48 | 53 34 | 16 | 2 | 2 | 3 | | San Jose, Calif. | 104 | 76 | 20 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 14 |
| Duluth, Minn. | 21 | 11 | 7 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | Santa Cruz, Calif. | 23 | 15 | 7 | | - | - | 1 |
| Kansas City, Kans. Kansas City, Mo. | 47 | 29 | 10 | 5 | 2 | 1 | 2 | Seattle, Wash. | 116 | 66 | 35 | | 1 | 1 | 6 |
| Lincoln, Nebr. | 27 | 17 | 6 | 3 | 1 | - | 3 | Spokane, Wash. | 51 | 33 | 12 | | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| Minneapolis, Minn. | 92 | 47 | 27 | 10 | 3 | 5 | | Tacoma, Wash. | 91 | 62 | 22 | 6 | 1 | _ | 4 |
| Omaha, Nebr. | 71 | 54 | 11 | 4 | 3 | 2 | | TOTAL | 9.588 | 6.256 | 2,183 | 673 | 265 | 205 | 553 |
| St. Louis, Mo. | 72 | 34 | 21 | 14 | 1 | 2 | | 10 | 0,000 | -,200 | _,,50 | 2.0 | 200 | | |
| St. Paul, Minn. | 86 | 60 | 16 | 4 | 3 | 3 | | | | | | | | | |
| Wichita, Kans. | 55 | 39 | 11 | 3 | 2 | _ | 2 | | | | | | | | |

U: Unavailable. —: No reported cases.

* Mortality data in this table are voluntarily reported from 122 cities in the United States, most of which have populations of ≥100,000. A death is reported by the place of its occurrence and by the week that the death certificate was filed. Fetal deaths are not included.

[†] Pneumonia and influenza.

Because of changes in reporting methods in this Pennsylvania city, these numbers are partial counts for the current week. Complete counts will be available in 4 to 6 weeks. Total includes unknown ages.

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